

5 In the Claims

1. (Previously presented) An eyeglass apparatus comprising:

a primary lens frame having a first pair of lens holders for holding a pair of primary lenses and separated by a bridge portion disposed therebetween, said bridge portion having a major magnetic member disposed therein, said major magnetic member disposed within the bridge portion on a rear side of the bridge portion such that a surface of the major magnetic member is exposed and faces rearward;

15 an auxiliary frame having a pair of lens holders separated by a bridge portion, said bridge portion formed to include a protruding grip extension which extends perpendicularly outward from the auxiliary frame, said grip extension having an upward lip with a minor magnetic member disposed therein such that a 20 surface of the minor magnet member is exposed and faces forward;

said auxiliary frame coupled to the primary lens frame from the bottom such that the grip extension of the auxiliary frame extends under the bridge portion in the primary lens frame and the upward lip engages the bridge of the primary lens frame on 25 the rear side of the bridge, said major magnetic member in the primary lens frame magnetically coupling to the minor magnetic member in the auxiliary frame, thereby further securing the auxiliary frame to the primary lens frame.

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2. (Previously presented) The eyeglass apparatus of claim 1,
wherein the major magnetic member is disposed within the bridge
portion such that the exposed surface of the major magnetic
member is flush with the rear side of the bridge portion,
10 thereby forming one cohesive and smooth surface on the rear side
of the bridge portion.

3. (Previously presented) The eyeglass apparatus of claim 2,
wherein the minor magnetic member is disposed within the upward
15 lip of the grip extension such that the exposed surface of the
minor magnet member is flush with the front side of the upward
lip, thereby forming one cohesive and smooth surface on the
front side of the upward lip.

20 4. (Previously presented) The eyeglass apparatus of claim 1,
wherein the major magnetic member is disposed within the bridge
portion such that it is elevated and extends or protrudes
therefrom.

25 5. (Previously presented) The eyeglass apparatus of claim 4,
wherein the minor magnetic member is disposed within the upward
lip of the grip extension such that the minor magnet member is
not flush with the front side of the upward lip; but, rather, is

5 recessed therefrom, thereby forming a recess or aperture on the front side of the upward lip.

6. (Previously presented) The eyeglass of claim 5, wherein the major magnetic member extending from the rear side of the bridge 10 portion in the primary lens frame is inserted into the recess or aperture on the front side of the upward lip, said major and minor magnetic members then magnetically coupling together.

7. (Previously presented) The eyeglass apparatus of claim 1, 15 wherein the major magnetic member is disposed within the bridge portion such that it is recessed,

8. (Previously presented) The eyeglass apparatus of claim 7, wherein the minor magnetic member is disposed within the upward 20 lip of the grip extension such that the minor magnet member is not flush with the front side of the upward lip; but, rather, is elevated from a front surface of the upward lip, thereby extending or protruding from the front side of the upward lip.

25 9. (Previously presented) The eyeglass of claim 8, wherein the minor magnetic member in the auxiliary frame is inserted into the recess or aperture on the rear side of the bridge portion of

5 the primary lens frame, said major and minor magnetic members
then magnetically coupling together.

10. (Canceled) An eyeglass apparatus comprising:

a primary lens frame having a first pair of lens holders
10 for holding a pair of primary lenses and separated by a bridge
portion, said bridge portion having a major magnetic member
positioned on rear side such that a surface of the major
magnetic member is exposed and faces rearward, said major
magnetic member magnetically coupling to a minor magnetic member
15 in an auxiliary frame, thereby securing the auxiliary frame to
the primary lens frame.

11. (Canceled) The eyeglass apparatus of claim 10, wherein the
major magnetic is positioned within the bridge portion such that
20 the exposed surface of the major magnetic member is flush with
the rear side of the bridge portion, thereby forming one
cohesive and smooth surface on the rear side of the bridge
portion.

25 12. (Canceled) The eyeglass apparatus of claim 10, wherein the
major magnetic member is positioned within the bridge portion
such that the exposed surface of the major magnetic member is
elevated from the rear side of the bridge portion, thereby

5 extending or protruding from the rear side of the bridge portion.

13. (Cancelled) The eyeglass apparatus of claim 10, wherein the major magnetic member is positioned within the bridge portion
10 such that the exposed surface of the major magnetic member is recessed within the rear side of the bridge portion, thereby forming a recess or aperture within the rear side of the bridge portion of the primary lens frames.

15 14. (Previously presented) An eyeglass apparatus comprising:
an auxiliary frame having a pair of lens holders separated by a bridge portion formed to include a protruding grip extension which extends perpendicularly outward from the auxiliary frame, said grip extension having an upward lip with a
20 minor magnetic member disposed therein such that a surface of the minor magnet member is exposed and faces forward thereby magnetically coupling to a major magnetic member in a primary lens frame in order to secure the auxiliary frame to the primary lens frame.

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15. (Previously presented) The eyeglass apparatus of claim 14, wherein the minor magnetic member is disposed within the upward lip of the grip extension such that the exposed surface of the

5 minor magnet member is flush with the front side of the upward lip, thereby forming one cohesive and smooth surface on the front side of the upward lip.

16. (Previously presented) The eyeglass apparatus of claim 14,
10 wherein the minor magnetic member is disposed within the upward lip of the grip extension such that the exposed surface of the minor magnet member is not flush with the front side of the upward lip; but, rather, is recessed therefrom, thereby forming a recess or aperture on the front side of the upward lip.

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17. (Previously presented) The eyeglass apparatus of claim 14,
wherein the minor magnetic member is disposed within the upward
lip of the grip extension such that the exposed surface of the
minor magnet member is not flush with the front side of the
20 upward lip; but, rather, is elevated from a front surface of the
upward lip, thereby extending or protruding from the front side
of the upward lip.

18. (Previously presented) A method for forming a pair of
25 eyeglasses comprising:

constructing a primary lens frame having a first pair of
lens holders, for holding a pair of primary lenses, and

5 separated by a bridge portion disposed therebetween, said bridge portion having a major magnetic member disposed therein;
constructing an auxiliary frame having a second pair of lens holders separated by a bridge portion, said bridge portion formed to include a protruding grip extension which extends
10 perpendicularly outward from the auxiliary frame, and said grip extension having an upward lip with a minor magnetic member disposed therein;
coupling the auxiliary frame to the primary lens frame from the bottom such that the grip extension of the auxiliary frame
15 extends under the bridge portion in the primary lens frame and the upward lip engages the bridge of the primary lens frame on the rear side of the bridge, said major magnetic member in the primary lens frame magnetically coupling to the minor magnetic member in the auxiliary frame, thereby further securing the
20 auxiliary frame to the primary lens frame.

19. (Previously presented) The method of claim 18, wherein the major magnetic member is disposed within the bridge portion such that the exposed surface of the major magnetic member is flush
25 with the rear side of the bridge portion, thereby forming one cohesive and smooth surface on the rear side of the bridge portion.

5 20. (Previously presented) The method of claim 19, wherein the
minor magnetic member is disposed within the upward lip of the
grip extension such that the exposed surface of the minor magnet
member is flush with the front side of the upward lip, thereby
forming one cohesive and smooth surface on the front side of the
10 upward lip.

21. (Previously presented) The method of claim 18, wherein the
major magnetic member is positioned within the bridge portion of
the primary lens frame such that it is elevated, thereby
15 extending or protruding from a rear surface of the bridge
portion.

22. (Previously presented) The method of claim 21, wherein the
minor magnetic member is disposed within the upward lip of the
20 grip extension such that the minor magnet member is not flush
with the front side of the upward lip; but, rather, is recessed
therein, thereby forming a recess or aperture on the front side
of the upward lip.

25 23. (Previously presented) The method of claim 22, wherein the
major magnetic member in the primary lens frame is inserted into
the recess or aperture on the front side of the upward lip and

5 the major and minor magnetic members are then magnetically coupled together.

24. (Previously presented) The method of claim 18, wherein the major magnetic member is disposed within the bridge portion such
10 that it is recessed,

25. (Previously presented) The method of claim 24, wherein the minor magnetic member is disposed within the upward lip of the grip extension such that the minor magnet member is not flush
15 with the front side of the upward lip; but, rather, is elevated from a front surface of the upward lip, thereby extending or protruding from the front side of the upward lip.

26. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the
20 minor magnetic member in the auxiliary frame is inserted into the recess or aperture on the rear side of the bridge portion of the primary lens frame, said major and minor magnetic members then magnetically coupling together.